## 1. Year Groups

**Years** 5/6

technology

**Prior learning** 

stable.

Designing

and cost.

sketches.

Making

be used

**Evaluating** 

structures

project.

frame structures.

reinforce 3-D frameworks.

# 2. Aspect of D&T Structures

Focus

3. Key learning in design and

with construction materials.

Experience of using measuring, marking out,

cutting, joining, shaping and finishing techniques

Basic understanding of what structures are and

Carry out research into user needs and existing

Develop a simple design specification to guide the

development of their ideas and products, taking

account of constraints including time, resources

Generate, develop and model innovative ideas,

through discussion, prototypes and annotated

Formulate a clear plan, including a step-by-step list

of what needs to be done and lists of resources to

Competently select from and use appropriate tools

to accurately measure, mark out, cut, shape and

join construction materials to make frameworks.

Use finishing and decorative techniques suitable for the product they are designing and making.

Investigate and evaluate a range of existing frame

design specification, intended user and purpose,

identifying strengths and areas for development,

Research key events and individuals relevant to

Technical knowledge and understanding

Know and use technical vocabulary relevant to the

Understand how to strengthen, stiffen and

Critically evaluate their products against their

and carrying out appropriate tests.

products, using surveys, interviews,

questionnaires and web-based resources.

how they can be made stronger, stiffer and more

Frame structures

## 4. What could children design, make and evaluate?

playground shelter market stall bus shelter tent play house gazebo bird hide parasol park furniture adventure playground equipment kite other - specify

## 7. Links to topics and themes

project.

12. Focused Tasks (FTs)

reinforced and strengthened?

wooden frames, as appropriate.

Shape and Space Celebrations Festivals Our School Toys and Games Outdoors Our Local Community Weather Countries and Cultures other - specify

10. Investigative and Evaluative Activities (IEAs)

the design? When was it made? Who made it? Where was it made?

Children investigate and make annotated drawings of a range of portable and permanent frame

Children could research key events and individuals related to their study of frame structures e.g.

structures, e.g. tents, bus shelters, umbrellas. Use photographs and web-based research to extend the

range e.g. How well does the frame structure meet users' needs and purposes? Why were materials

chosen? What methods of construction have been used? How has the framework been strengthened,

reinforced and stiffened? How does the shape of the framework affect its strength? How innovative is

Stephen Sauvestre - a designer of the Eiffel Tower; Thomas Farnolls Pritchard - designer of the Iron

Use a construction kit consisting of plastic strips and paper fasteners to build 2-D frameworks. Compare

frameworks using diagonals to help develop an understanding of using triangulation to add strength to

Demonstrate how paper tubes can be made from rolling sheets of newspaper diagonally around pieces

of e.g. dowel. Ask children to use these tubes and masking tape or paper straws with pipe cleaners to

build 3-D frameworks such as cubes, cuboids and pyramids. How could each of the frameworks be

Demonstrate the accurate use of tools and equipment. Develop skills and techniques using junior

Demonstrate skills and techniques for accurately joining framework materials together e.g. paper

hacksaws, G-clamps, bench hooks, square section wood, card triangles and hand drills to construct

straws, square sectioned wood. Ask children to practise these, mounting their joints onto card for future

the strength of square frameworks with triangular frameworks. Ask the children to reinforce square

Bridge. They could also learn about locally important design and technology activity related to their

## 5. Intended users

younger/older children themselves parents local community walkers market trader gardeners mountaineers bird watchers other - specify

## 8. Possible contexts

school gardens leisure culture local community wider environment other - specify

## 6. Purpose of products

play pleasure safety weather protection meeting place business recreation other - specify

## 9. Project title

Design, make and evaluate a (user) for To be completed by the teacher. Use the project title to set the scene for children's learning prior to activities in 10, 12 and 14.

## 11. Related learning in other subjects

- **Science** compare and group together everyday materials on the basis of their
- Mathematics identify 3-D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2-D representations.
- Spoken language ask relevant questions, formulate and express opinions, give well-

- properties.
- structured descriptions and explanations. Use relevant strategies to build their vocabulary.
- purposes and be discerning when evaluating digital content.

# 13. Related learning in other subjects

**Spoken language** – ask relevant questions, formulate and express opinions, give wellstructured descriptions and explanations. Use

(product) (purpose).

- **Computing** use technologies for research

- Mathematics recognise, describe and build simple 3-D shapes. Apply understanding and skill to carry out accurate measuring using standard units i.e. cm/mm.
- strategies to build their vocabulary.

# 17. Key vocabulary

frame structure, stiffen, strengthen, reinforce, triangulation, stability, shape, join, temporary, permanent

design brief, design specification, prototype, annotated sketch, purpose, user, innovation, research, functional

# 18. Key competencies

16. Possible

products, photographs,

web-based resources of

existing frame structures

square sectioned wood,

masking tape, PVA glue

right/left handed scissors,

bench hooks, G-clamp,

card, paper straws,

newspaper.

pencils, rulers,

junior hacksaws.

finishing media and

glass paper

materials

resources

problem-solving teamwork negotiation consumer awareness organisation motivation persuasion leadership perseverance other - specify

## 19. Health and safety

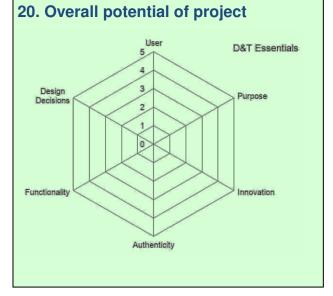
Pupils should be taught to work safely, using tools, equipment, materials, components and techniques appropriate to the task. Risk assessments should be carried out prior to undertaking this project.

# 14. Design, Make and Evaluate Assignment (DMEA)

- Discuss the brief of designing and making a small-scale frame structure e.g. Who is the intended user and what is the purpose of the frame structure? Will it be permanent, or can it be easily dismantled? What materials will you use? How will it be joined? How will it be reinforced? How will it be finished? Children should be encouraged to generate innovative ideas, drawing on their research. Ask children to develop a simple design specification to guide their thinking.
- Children should produce a detailed, step-by-step plan, listing tools and materials.
- Children's sketches should be annotated with notes to help develop and communicate their ideas.
- Encourage children to model their ideas first using materials such as paper, card and paper straws e.g. How will you make it stable? How will it stand up? How could you make it stronger? Where are the weak points? How could you reinforce them? What tools and materials will you need? How can you improve the design?
- Encourage children to make their products with accuracy. They should regularly evaluate their work and their completed product, drawing on their design specification, and thinking about the intended purpose and user.

# 15. Related learning in other subjects

- **Spoken language** ask relevant guestions. formulate and express opinions, give wellstructured descriptions and explanations. Use strategies to build their vocabulary.
- Art and design use and develop drawing skills.
- Mathematics apply understanding and skill to carry out accurate measuring using standard units i.e. cm/mm.



## Structures – Years 5/6 – Frame structures

**Years 5/6** 

# **Structures** Frame structures

# **Instant CPD**







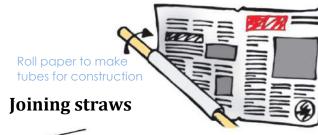
# Tips for teachers

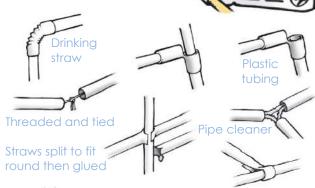
- ✓ Collect a range of photographs of different frame structures, both portable and permanent e.g. tents, bus shelters, bird hides.
- ✓ Include examples constructed with external and internal frameworks.
- ✓ Record the process of investigating frame structures using photographs and annotated drawings.
- ✓ Take children on a local 'frame structures' trail to help them get ideas for their own products and understand construction techniques.
- ✓ Frame structures for large scale shelters can be made from broom sticks, garden canes or rolls of newspaper.
- ✓ Ensure children are familiar with all the materials they are likely to use and that these are made easily available and accessible.
- Discuss constraints such as time, resources and cost.
- ✓ Display technical vocabulary and encourage children to use it when discussing, designing and making their product.
- ✓ Ensure children use simple tests to evaluate the functionality and strength of their products.
- ✓ Encourage the children to evaluate each other's work positively.

# Useful resources at www.data.org.uk

- Primary Subject Leaders' File Section 5.9
- **Bird Hides Design and Make Challenge**

# **Techniques for building frame** structures







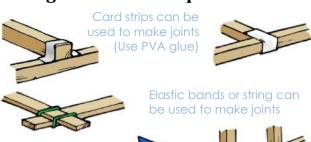
Ends of straws flattened and glued



One straw creased and inserted Flattened and glued Pipe cleaner Sleeve glued around joint

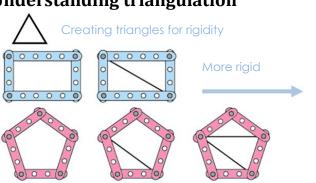
# Joining thin sectioned pieces of wood

Sticky tape





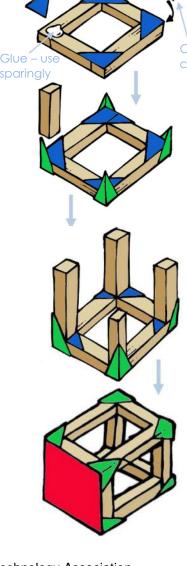
# **Understanding triangulation**



# **Making small-scale** frame structures

# **Using straws**

## **Using square** section wood



# Designing and making a small-scale bird hide for children to use in the school wildlife area

An iterative process is the relationship between a pupil's ideas and how they are communicated and clarified through activity. This is an example of how the iterative design and make process might be experienced by an individual pupil during this project:

## **THOUGHT**

What type of structure shall I make? What will be its purpose? Who will use it?

Which will be the best shape for my bird hide? What features will it have?

Which materials will I use to make it? How will I make it strong and waterproof?

What will I use to cover the structure of my shelter?

What tools and materials will I What order will I work in? Will I work with someone? What constraints I am working

> Do I need to change anything?

Will my product meet the needs of the user?

## **ACTION**

Discussing ideas, drawing annotated sketches. Generating a simple design specification.

Discussing, modelling and evaluating different options.

Investigating and testing possible materials. Discussing, exploring and evaluating prototypes.

Discussing, exploring and evaluatina different fabric and rigid covering options.

Negotiating, developing and agreeing a step-by-step-

Discussing, testing and modifying the design.

Evaluating the product with the intended user and against the original design specification.

# Glossarv

- **Modelling** the process of making a 3-D representation of a structure or product.
- **Compression** the application of pressure to squeeze an
- Strut a part of a structure under compression.
- **Tension** a force pulling on a material or structure.
- **Tie** a part of a structure under tension.
- **Diagonal** a straight line that goes from one corner to another inside a shape.
- Horizontal a line that is parallel to the ground.
- Vertical a line that is at right angles to the ground.
- **Triangulation** the use of triangular shapes to strengthen a structure.
- **Frame structure** a structure made from thin components e.g. tent frame.

