Term 1 Unit Overview: KS1 Art Spirals

National Curriculum Links

- To use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination.
- To develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space.
- Know about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work.

Substantive Knowledge.

- Understand drawing is a physical activity.
- That drawing is a physical and emotional activity. That when we draw, we can move our whole body.
- That we can control the lines we make by being aware of how we hold a drawing tool, how much pressure we apply, and how fast or slow we move.
- That we can draw from observation or imagination.
- That we can use colour to help our drawings engage others.

Implicit Knowledge / Skills

- Explore lines made by a drawing tool, made by moving fingers, wrist, elbow, shoulder and body.
- ❖ Work at a scale to accommodate exploration.
- Use colour (pastels, chalks) intuitively to develop spiral drawings.
- Make a simple elastic band sketchbook. Personalise it.
- Develop experience of primary and secondary colours
- Practice observational drawing.

Aims of pathway

This pathway aims to introduce children to the idea that making a drawing is a physical activity which uses the whole body and connects head, hand and heart.

Key Concepts

- That drawing is a physical and emotional activity. That when we draw, we can move our whole body.
- That we can control the lines we make by being aware of how we hold a drawing tool, how much pressure we apply, and how fast or slow we move.
- That we can draw from observation or imagination.
- That we can use colour to help our drawings engage others.

Domains of knowledge:

Practical Knowledge

- ❖ I can draw from my finger-tips, my wrist, my elbow, my shoulder, my body.
- ❖ I can make a drawing using a continuous line for a minute or two.
- ❖ I have made a sketchbook (or perhaps decorated the cover of a bought sketchbook) and I feel like it belongs to me.
- ❖ I can draw from observation for a few minutes at a time.
- ❖ I can make different marks with different drawing tools. I have seen the different marks I can make with a soft pencil, a graphite stick and a handwriting pen.
- ❖ I can take photos of my artwork.
- I have explored how water affects the graphite and pen, and explored how I can use a brush to make new marks.

Theoretical Knowledge

- I have seen the work of an artist and listened to how the artist made the
- I have been able to share how I feel about the work.
- ❖ I can talk about what I like in my drawings, and what I'd like to try again.
- ❖ I can make choices about which colours I'd like to use in my drawing.

Unit Outcomes

- Large scale spiral drawings using the body
- Snail drawings using chalk and oil pastels
- Elastic band sketchbooks
- Observational drawings of shells

Artists Molly Haslund Outdoor circles Henri Matisse – Snails Receptive Practical Knowledge Vocabulary Large scale

Spiral

Shells

Continuous line

Cross Curricular Opportunities

Science: Uses language to support understanding of concepts of growth, human body and natural forms.

Maths: Explores pattern, symmetry.

PSHE: Peer discussion, collaboration

Medium and Materials Graphite stick or soft B pencil, Handwriting Pen, Pastels & Chalk, Paper, (Sketchbook Making Task: Paper, string, elastic bands, glue)

Techniques Mark making with different materials.

Drawing using continuous

lines.

<u>Disciplines</u>
Drawing, Collage,
Sketchbooks

<u>Themes</u>

Pattern, Structure, Movement, Growth, The Human Body, Sound

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Term 1 Unit Overview: KS1 Art Spirals

Prior learning

EYFS: Expressive Art & Design

- Explore different materials freely, to develop their ideas about how to use them and what to make.
- Develop their own ideas and then decide which materials to use to express them. Join different materials and explore different textures.
- Create closed shapes with continuous lines and begin to use these shapes to represent objects.
- Draw with increasing complexity and detail, such as representing a face with a circle and including details.
- Use drawing to represent ideas like movement or loud noises.
- Show different emotions in their drawings and paintings, like happiness, sadness, fear, etc.
- Explore colour and colour mixing. Show different emotions in their drawings – happiness, sadness, fear, etc.

Future application of skills

LKS2:

- Understand that charcoal is a drawing medium that lends itself to loose, gestural marks made on a larger scale. Gestural Drawing with Charcoal.
- Understand that artists use sketchbooks for different purposes and that each artist will find their own ways of working in a sketchbook.
- Make marks using charcoal using hands as tools. Explore qualities of mark available using charcoal. Gestural Drawing with Charcoal
- Make charcoal drawings which explore Chiaroscuro and which explore narrative/drama through lighting/shadow (link to drama). Gestural Drawing with Charcoal.
- Practise drawing skills. Storytelling Through Drawing Exploring Pattern Sculpture & Structure

UKS2:

- Understand that there is often a close relationship between drawing and making. Understand that we can transform 2d drawings into 3d objects. 2D to 2D.
- Use charcoal, graphite, pencil, pastel to create drawings of atmospheric "sets" to help inform (though not design) set design (see column 6 "making"). Set Design.

British Values

- Democracy: Pupils have the opportunity to work independently and as a team to build resilience and self-esteem through tasks, sharing ideas and resources, peer- assessment and encouraging students to support each other.
- The rule of law: Children follow the classroom rules, including rules for using and tidying equipment safely and correctly.
- Individual liberty: Children are able to express themselves through art and design.
- <u>Mutual respect</u>: Children are encouraged to look at art in different cultures and religions -Rangoli patterns. Myan art etc
- Art through other curriculum subjects respects all opinions eg What does Jesus look like?

Christian Values

"Courage," the pioneering French artist Henri Matisse once insisted, "is essential to the artist, who has to look at everything as though he were seeing it for the first time."

Spirituality: Ows, Wows, and Nows
Within Art there are many moments where children
can pause and consider the wow of their work, the
work of others and the natural world.